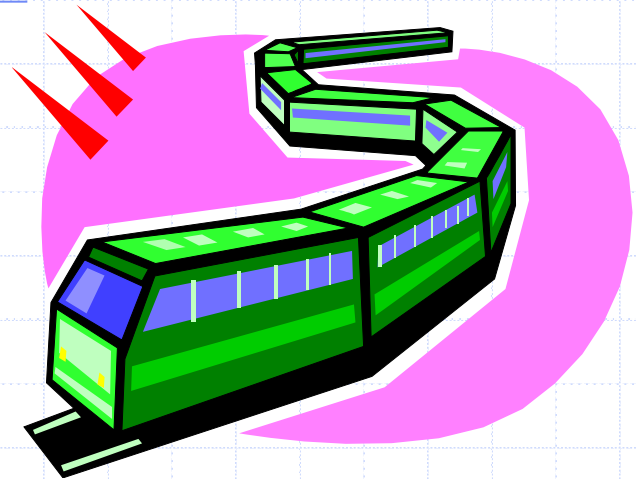


Lists



Position ADT

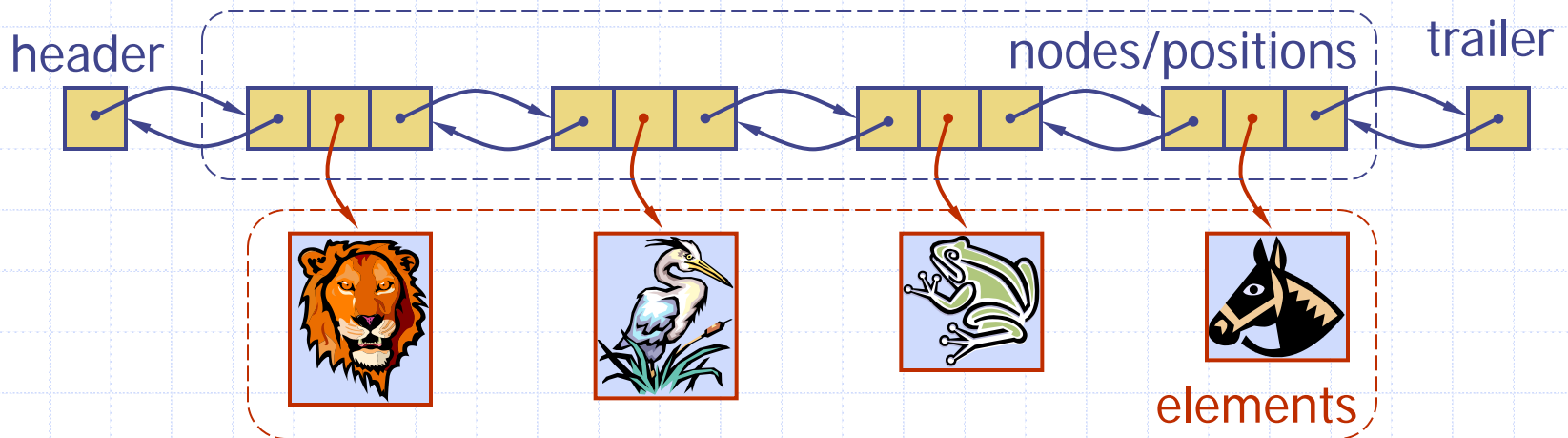
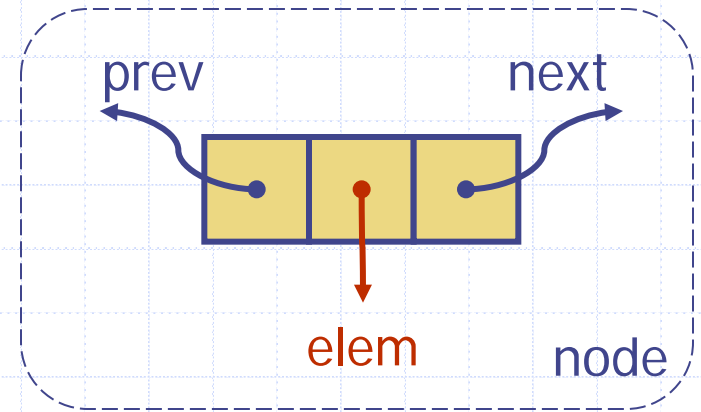
- The **Position** ADT models the notion of place within a data structure where a single object is stored
- It gives a unified view of diverse ways of storing data, such as
 - a cell of an array
 - a node of a linked list
- Just one method:
 - object **p.element()**: returns the element at position
 - In C++ it is convenient to implement this as ***p**

Node List ADT

- The **Node List** ADT models a sequence of positions storing arbitrary objects
- It establishes a before/after relation between positions
- Generic methods:
 - **size()**, **empty()**
- Iterators:
 - **begin()**, **end()**
- Update methods:
 - **insertFront(e)**, **insertBack(e)**
 - **removeFront()**, **removeBack()**
- Iterator-based update:
 - **insert(p, e)**
 - **remove(p)**

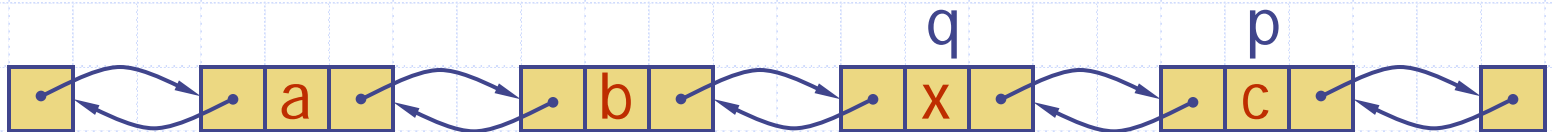
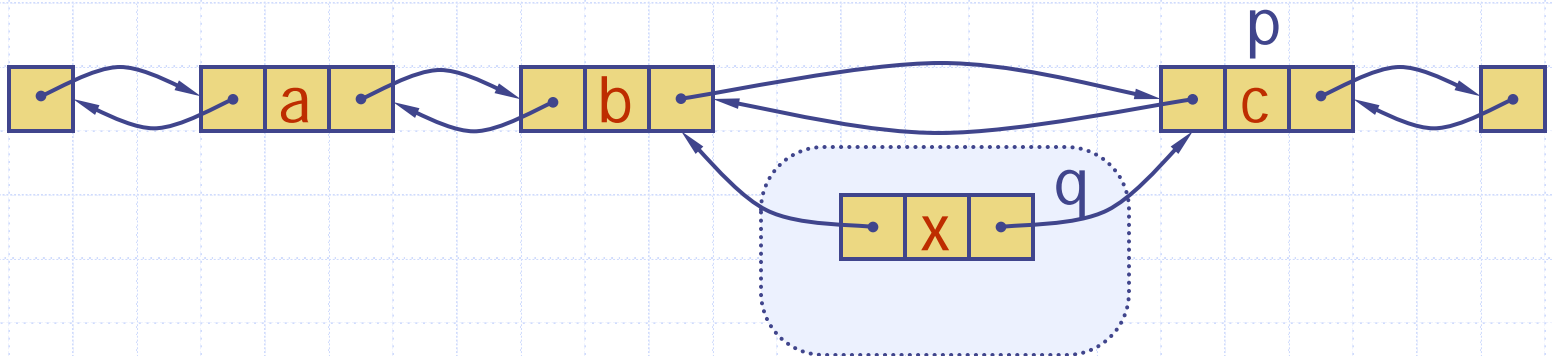
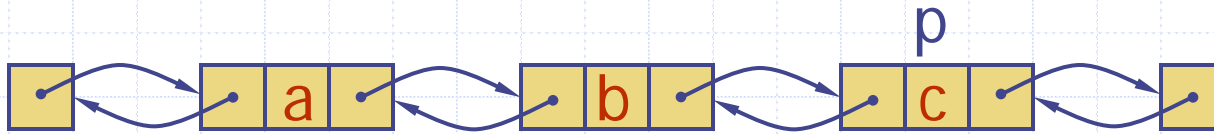
Doubly Linked List

- A doubly linked list provides a natural implementation of the Node List ADT
- Nodes implement Position and store:
 - element
 - link to the previous node
 - link to the next node
- Special trailer and header nodes



Insertion

- We visualize operation **insert**(p, x), which inserts x before p



Insertion Algorithm

Algorithm *insert*(p, e): {insert e before p }

Create a new node v

$v \rightarrow \text{element} = e$

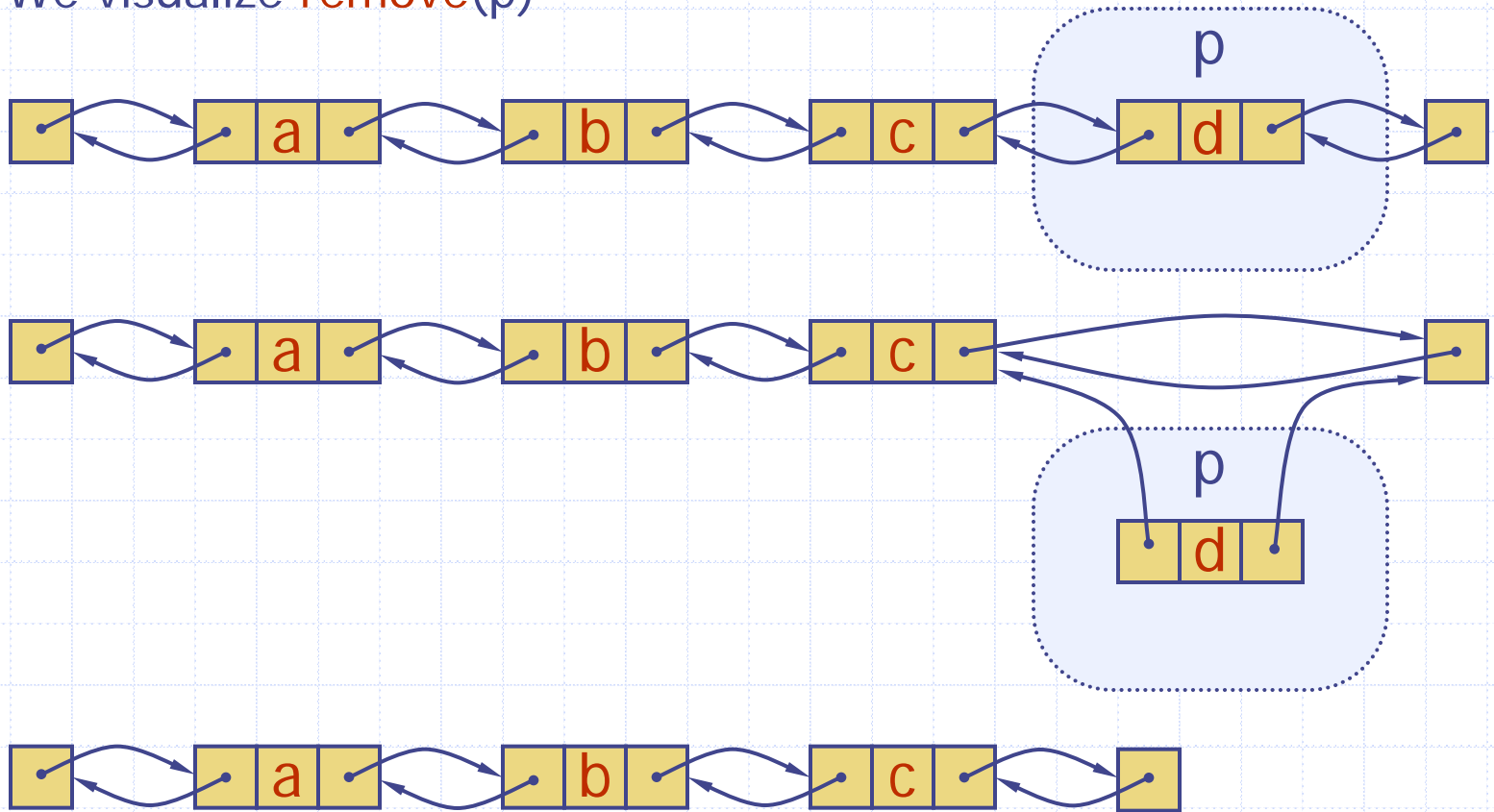
$u = p \rightarrow \text{prev}$

$v \rightarrow \text{next} = p$; $p \rightarrow \text{prev} = v$ {link in v before p }

$v \rightarrow \text{prev} = u$; $u \rightarrow \text{next} = v$ {link in v after u }

Deletion

- We visualize `remove(p)`



Deletion Algorithm

Algorithm `remove(p)`:

$u = p \rightarrow \text{prev}$

$w = p \rightarrow \text{next}$

$u \rightarrow \text{next} = w$ {linking out p }

$w \rightarrow \text{prev} = u$

Performance

- In the implementation of the List ADT by means of a doubly linked list
 - The space used by a list with n elements is $O(n)$
 - The space used by each position of the list is $O(1)$
 - All the operations of the List ADT run in $O(1)$ time
 - Operation `element()` of the Position ADT runs in $O(1)$ time